

ABSTRAK

ANALISIS STRATEGI PERLAWANAN I GUSTI KETUT JELANTIK DALAM MEMPERTAHANKAN KEDAULATAN KERAJAAN BULELENG TERHADAP EKSPANSI KOLONIAL BELANDA TAHUN

(1846-1849)

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Penelitian ini bertujuan menganalisis strategi perlawanan I Gusti Ketut Jelantik dalam mempertahankan kedaulatan Kerajaan Buleleng terhadap ekspansi kolonial Belanda pada tahun 1846–1849. Kajian ini menitikberatkan pada konteks politik, sosial, dan militer yang melatarbelakangi perumusan strategi perlawanan, serta bentuk strategi yang diterapkan melalui pendekatan militer, diplomasi politik, dan mobilisasi sosial berbasis adat. Penelitian menggunakan metode historis yang meliputi heuristik, kritik sumber, interpretasi, dan historiografi, dengan sumber data berupa arsip kolonial, laporan ekspedisi militer Belanda, serta literatur sejarah yang relevan. Analisis didasarkan pada teori strategi Carl von Clausewitz, teori perlawanan lokal James C. Scott, dan pendekatan historiografi lokal Sartono Kartodirdjo. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa strategi perlawanan I Gusti Ketut Jelantik bersifat terencana dan adaptif, melalui pemanfaatan kondisi geografis, sistem pertahanan lokal, pengorganisasian laskar desa berbasis adat dan banjar, serta pembangunan solidaritas politik antarkerajaan di Bali. Strategi tersebut tidak hanya ditujukan untuk menghadapi agresi militer Belanda, tetapi juga untuk mempertahankan kedaulatan politik dan legitimasi adat Kerajaan Buleleng.

Kata kunci: Strategi Perlawanan, I Gusti Ketut Jelantik, Kerajaan Buleleng, Kolonialisme Belanda, Historiografi Lokal.

ABSTRACT

AN ANALYSIS OF THE RESISTANCE STRATEGIES OF I GUSTI KETUT JELANTIK IN DEFENDING THE SOVEREIGNTY OF THE KINGDOM OF BULELENG AGAINST DUTCH COLONIAL EXPANSION (1846–1849)

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This study aims to analyze the resistance strategies of I Gusti Ketut Jelantik in defending the sovereignty of the Kingdom of Buleleng against Dutch colonial expansion during the period 1846–1849. The research focuses on the political, social, and military contexts that shaped the formulation of resistance strategies, as well as the forms of resistance implemented through military action, political diplomacy, and adat-based social mobilization. This study employs the historical method, including heuristic research, source criticism, interpretation, and historiography, using data from colonial archives, Dutch military expedition reports, and relevant historical literature. The analysis is based on Carl von Clausewitz's theory of strategy, James C. Scott's theory of local resistance, and Sartono Kartodirdjo's local historiographical approach. The findings indicate that I Gusti Ketut Jelantik's resistance strategies were systematically planned and adaptive, involving the use of geographical conditions, local defense systems, the organization of village militias through adat and banjar structures, and the development of political solidarity among Balinese kingdoms. These strategies were directed not only at confronting Dutch military aggression but also at preserving political sovereignty and the adat-based legitimacy of the Kingdom of Buleleng.

Keywords: Resistance Strategies, I Gusti Ketut Jelantik, Kingdom of Buleleng, Dutch Colonialism, Local Historiography.